

1           1. A composition providing sustained release of a drug, the composition comprising  
2 a mucopolysaccharide, a carrier protein, and a drug.

1           2. The composition of claim 1, wherein the composition consists of the  
2 mucopolysaccharide, the carrier protein, the drug, and one or more pharmaceutically  
3 acceptable additives.

1           3. The composition of claim 1, wherein the ratio of the total mass of  
2 mucopolysaccharide in the composition to the total mass of carrier protein in the composition  
3 is about 1:1 to 1:20.

1           4. The composition of claim 1, wherein the mucopolysaccharide is chondroitin  
2 sulfate or hyaluronate.

1           5. The composition of claim 1, wherein the carrier protein is a  $\gamma$ -globulin, albumin,  
2 fibrinogen, histone, protamine, gelatin, or collagen.

1           6. The composition of claim 1, wherein the carrier protein is a  $\gamma$ -globulin.

1           7. The composition of claim 1, wherein the carrier protein is an albumin.

1           8. The composition of claim 1, wherein the drug is a protein drug.

1           9. The composition of claim 8, wherein the protein drug is an erythropoietin,  
2 granulocyte colony stimulating factor, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor,  
3 thrombopoietin, interferon- $\alpha$ , interferon- $\beta$ , interferon- $\gamma$ , urokinase, tissue plasminogen  
4 activator, interleukin-11, fibroblast growth factor, epidermal growth factor, growth hormone,  
5 brain-derived neurotrophic factor, nerve growth factor, leptin, neurotrophin-3, superoxide  
6 dismutase, antibody, calcitonin, insulin, or parathyroid hormone.

1           10. The composition of claim 1, wherein the composition contains about 0.1 to 50%  
2 by weight the mucopolysaccharide.

1           11. The composition of claim 1, wherein the composition contains about 0.1 to 2%  
2 by weight the drug.

1           12. A method of producing a sustained release drug composition, the method  
2 comprising  
3 providing a precipitating solution containing a mucopolysaccharide, a carrier protein,  
4 and a drug;  
5 lowering the pH of the precipitating solution to a level sufficient to form an insoluble  
6 product comprising the mucopolysaccharide, the carrier protein, and the drug; and  
7 collecting from the precipitating solution the insoluble product.

1           13. The method of claim 12, wherein the insoluble product consists of the  
2 mucopolysaccharide, the carrier protein, the drug, and one or more pharmaceutically  
3 acceptable additives.

1           14. The method of claim 12, wherein the ratio of the total mass of  
2 mucopolysaccharide in the insoluble product to the total mass of carrier protein in the  
3 insoluble product is about 1:1 to 1:20.

1           15. The method of claim 12, wherein the mucopolysaccharide is chondroitin sulfate  
2 or hyaluronate.

1           16. The method of claim 12, wherein the carrier protein is a  $\gamma$ -globulin, albumin,  
2 fibrinogen, histone, protamine, gelatin, or collagen.

1           17. The method of claim 12, wherein the carrier protein is a  $\gamma$ -globulin.

1           18. The method of claim 12, wherein the carrier protein is an albumin.

1 19. The method of claim 12, wherein the drug is a protein drug.

1 20. The method of claim 12, wherein the protein drug is an erythropoietin,  
2 granulocyte colony stimulating factor, granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor,  
3 thrombopoietin, interferon- $\alpha$ , interferon- $\beta$ , interferon- $\gamma$ , urokinase, tissue plasminogen  
4 activator, interleukin-11, fibroblast growth factor, epidermal growth factor, growth hormone,  
5 brain-derived neurotrophic factor, nerve growth factor, leptin, neurotrophin-3, superoxide  
6 dismutase, antibody, calcitonin, insulin, or parathyroid hormone.

1 21. The method of claim 12, wherein the pH of the solution is about 7 or above  
2 before the lowering step.

1 22. The method of claim 12, wherein the pH of the solution is lowered to about 2 to 4  
2 in the lowering step.

1 23. The method of claim 12, further comprising, prior to the providing step, mixing a  
2 first solution containing the carrier protein and the drug with a second solution containing the  
3 mucopolysaccharide to produce the precipitating solution.

1 24. The method of claim 12, wherein the precipitating solution contains zinc or  
2 calcium ions.

1 25. The method of claim 12, further comprising  
2 suspending the insoluble product in a preparatory solution having a pH of about 6 to 8  
3 to form a mixture; and  
4 lyophilizing the mixture to obtain a solid product.

1 26. A composition providing sustained release of a drug, the composition comprising  
2 a mucopolysaccharide and a protein drug.

1           27. The composition of claim 26, wherein the composition consists of the  
2 mucopolysaccharide, the protein drug, and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable  
3 additives.

1           28. The composition of claim 26, wherein the mucopolysaccharide is chondroitin  
2 sulfate or hyaluronate.

1           29. The composition of claim 26, wherein the protein drug is an erythropoietin,  
2 granulocyte colony stimulating factor, granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor,  
3 thrombopoietin, interferon- $\alpha$ , interferon- $\beta$ , interferon- $\gamma$ , urokinase, tissue plasminogen  
4 activator, interleukin-11, fibroblast growth factor, epidermal growth factor, growth hormone,  
5 brain-derived neurotrophic factor, nerve growth factor, leptin, neurotrophin-3, superoxide  
6 dismutase, antibody, calcitonin, insulin, or parathyroid hormone.

1           30. The composition of claim 26, wherein the composition contains about 0.1 to 50%  
2 by weight the mucopolysaccharide.

1           31. The composition of claim 26, wherein the composition contains about 0.1 to 50%  
2 by weight the protein drug.

1           32. A method of producing a sustained release drug composition, the method  
2 comprising  
3 providing a precipitating solution containing a mucopolysaccharide and a protein  
4 drug;  
5 lowering the pH of the precipitating solution to a level sufficient to form an insoluble  
6 product comprising the mucopolysaccharide and the protein drug; and  
7 collecting from the precipitating solution the insoluble product.

1           33. The method of claim 32, wherein the insoluble product consists of the  
2 mucopolysaccharide, the protein drug, and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable  
3 additives.

1           34. The method of claim 32, wherein the mucopolysaccharide is chondroitin sulfate  
2 or hyaluronate.

1           35. The method of claim 32, wherein the protein drug is an erythropoietin,  
2 granulocyte colony stimulating factor, granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor,  
3 thrombopoietin, interferon- $\alpha$ , interferon- $\beta$ , interferon- $\gamma$ , urokinase, tissue plasminogen  
4 activator, interleukin-11, fibroblast growth factor, epidermal growth factor, growth hormone,  
5 brain-derived neurotrophic factor, nerve growth factor, leptin, neurotrophin-3, superoxide  
6 dismutase, antibody, calcitonin, insulin, or parathyroid hormone.

1           36. The method of claim 32, wherein the pH of the solution is about 7 or above  
2 before the lowering step.

1           37. The method of claim 32, wherein the pH of the solution is lowered to about 2 to 4  
2 in the lowering step.

1           38. The method of claim 32, further comprising, prior to the providing step, mixing a  
2 first solution containing the protein drug with a second solution containing the  
3 mucopolysaccharide to produce the precipitating solution.

1           39. The method of claim 32, wherein the precipitating solution contains zinc or  
2 calcium ions.

1           40. The method of claim 32, wherein the insoluble product contains about 0.1 to 50%  
2 by weight the mucopolysaccharide.

1           41. The method of claim 32, wherein the insoluble product contains about 0.1 to 50%  
2 by weight the protein drug.

1           42. The method of claim 32, further comprising

2 suspending the insoluble product in a preparatory solution having a pH of about 6 to 8  
3 to form a mixture; and  
4 lyophilizing the mixture to obtain a solid product.

1 43. A method of delivering a drug to a subject, the method comprising introducing  
2 the composition of claim 1 into the subject.

1 44. The method of claim 43, wherein the composition is introduced subcutaneously  
2 or intramuscularly into the subject.

1 45. A method of delivering a drug to a subject, the method comprising introducing  
2 the composition of claim 26 into the subject.

1 46. The method of claim 45, wherein the composition is introduced subcutaneously  
2 or intramuscularly into the subject.